



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 11:59 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7ZL3 / pdb_00007zl3
EMDB ID : EMD-14776
Title : Signal peptide mimicry primes Sec61 for client-selective inhibition
Authors : Rehan, S.; Paavilainen O, V.
Deposited on : 2022-04-13
Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 3JC2

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

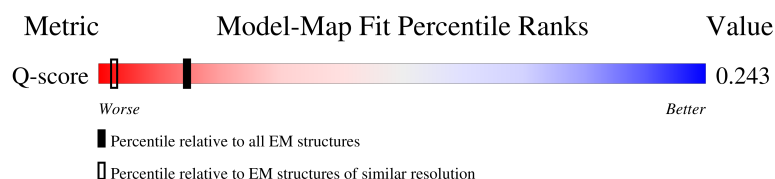
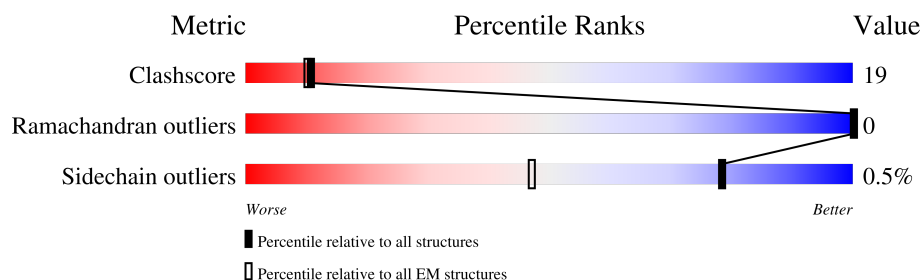
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	15020 (2.70 - 3.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	475	33% 57% 25% 18%
2	B	68	28% 50% 32% 16%
3	C	29	83% 90% 7% .
4	E	6	83% 33% 50% 17%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	JMO	E	1	-	X	-	-
4	JMX	E	5	-	X	-	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3692 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	388	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3020	1992	487	522	19		

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP A0A6P3YN15
A	77	ALA	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A6P3YN15
A	342	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP A0A6P3YN15
A	362	VAL	ALA	conflict	UNP A0A6P3YN15
A	364	ILE	VAL	conflict	UNP A0A6P3YN15

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	57	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			462	305	81	73	3		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	29	ASP	VAL	conflict	UNP W5PP18

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	28	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			138	82	28	28		

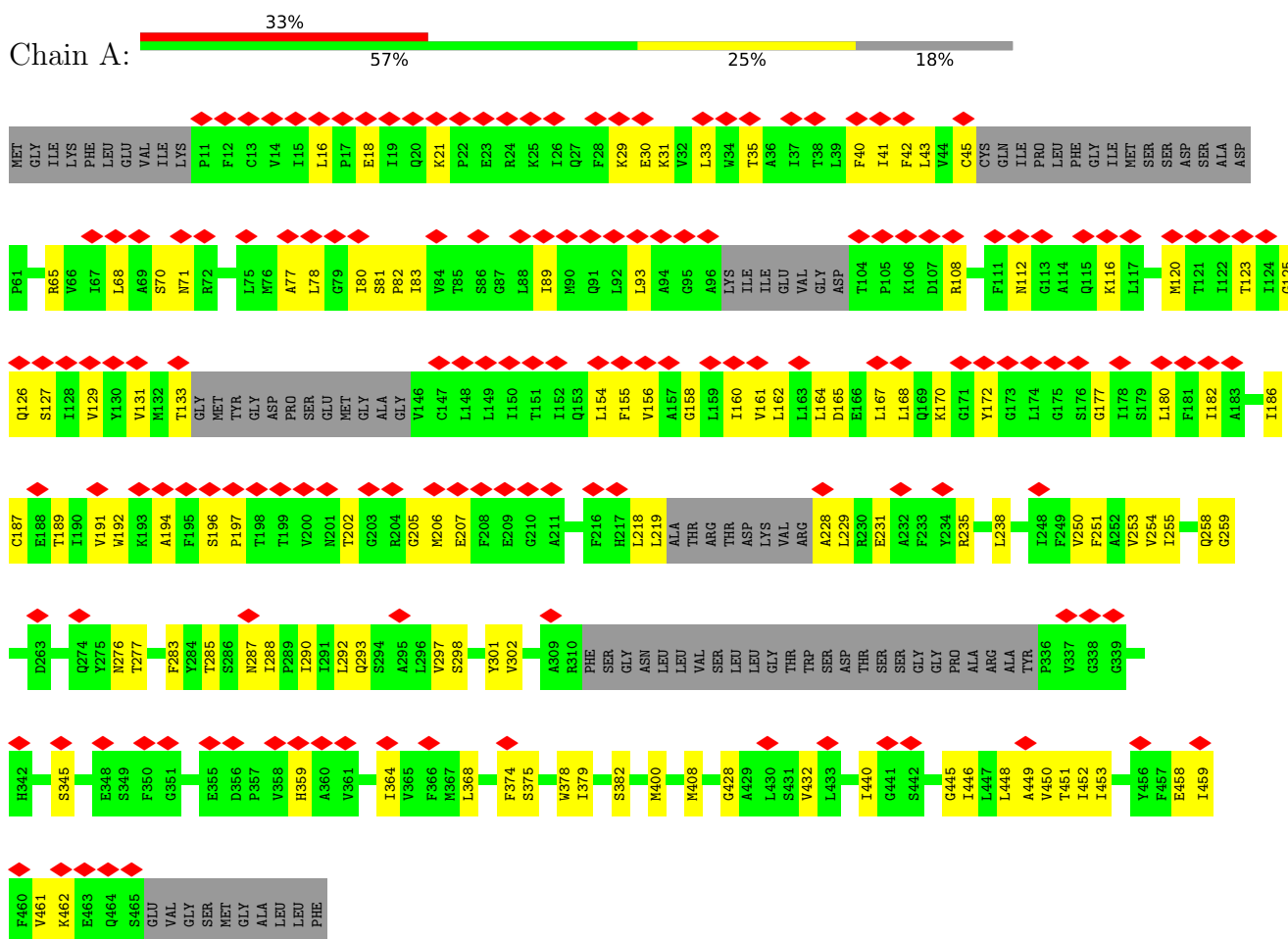
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Cyclic depsipeptide signal peptide mimic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	Br	C	F	N	O		
4	E	6	72	1	49	6	8	8	0	0

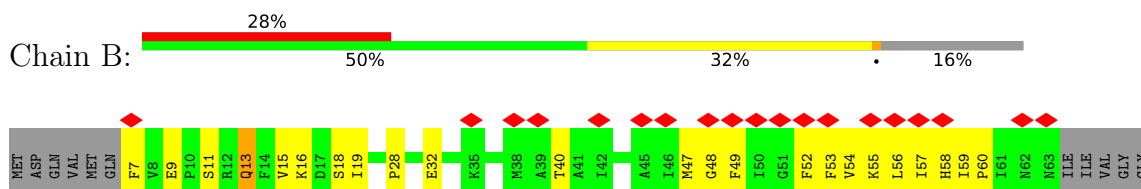
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

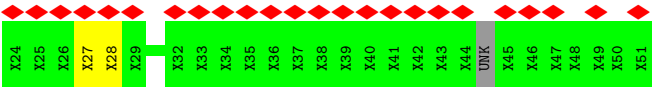
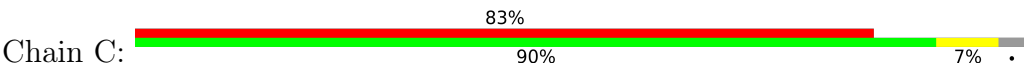
- Molecule 1: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit alpha



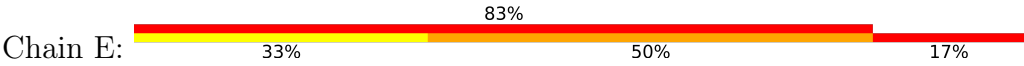
- Molecule 2: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit gamma



- Molecule 3: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit beta



● Molecule 4: Cyclic depsipeptide signal peptide mimic



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	136000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	47	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.034	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.011	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.00275	Depositor
Map size (Å)	664.0, 664.0, 664.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	800, 800, 800	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.83, 0.83, 0.83	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 3EG, JMX, MLE, JMO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.16	0/3083	0.35	0/4175
2	B	0.18	0/472	0.40	0/631
4	E	3.75	1/7 (14.3%)	0.95	0/8
All	All	0.23	1/3562 (0.0%)	0.36	0/4814

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
4	E	0	2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	6	LEU	CB-CG	5.59	1.64	1.53

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
4	E	1	JMO	Mainchain,Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3020	0	3141	113	0
2	B	462	0	490	35	0
3	C	138	0	31	2	0
4	E	72	0	31	3	0
All	All	3692	0	3693	137	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

All (137) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:156:VAL:O	1:A:160:ILE:HD12	1.25	1.32
1:A:156:VAL:O	1:A:160:ILE:CD1	1.94	1.14
2:B:13:GLN:HA	2:B:16:LYS:NZ	1.79	0.97
2:B:13:GLN:HA	2:B:16:LYS:HZ3	1.30	0.95
1:A:459:ILE:O	1:A:462:LYS:HG3	1.70	0.90
2:B:13:GLN:HG2	2:B:16:LYS:HZ3	1.35	0.88
2:B:13:GLN:CA	2:B:16:LYS:HZ3	1.94	0.81
1:A:89:ILE:O	1:A:93:LEU:HD13	1.82	0.79
2:B:13:GLN:CG	2:B:16:LYS:HZ3	1.94	0.79
1:A:191:VAL:HG11	2:B:55:LYS:HE2	1.67	0.77
1:A:45:CYS:HA	2:B:58:HIS:HB2	1.68	0.75
2:B:13:GLN:HG2	2:B:16:LYS:NZ	2.01	0.75
1:A:18:GLU:OE2	1:A:21:LYS:NZ	2.20	0.74
2:B:15:VAL:O	2:B:19:ILE:HD12	1.88	0.72
1:A:43:LEU:HG	2:B:54:VAL:HG21	1.72	0.71
1:A:70:SER:HA	1:A:77:ALA:HA	1.70	0.71
1:A:30:GLU:HA	1:A:33:LEU:HD12	1.72	0.70
1:A:182:ILE:HG13	2:B:47:MET:HE1	1.72	0.70
1:A:83:ILE:HD11	1:A:161:VAL:HG12	1.74	0.70
2:B:13:GLN:CG	2:B:16:LYS:NZ	2.54	0.69
4:E:2:3EG:HA	4:E:3:MLE:HD12	1.75	0.68
1:A:83:ILE:HG23	1:A:165:ASP:OD2	1.93	0.67
1:A:202:THR:HA	1:A:207:GLU:CD	2.20	0.67
1:A:231:GLU:O	1:A:235:ARG:NH1	2.26	0.66
2:B:13:GLN:CA	2:B:16:LYS:NZ	2.55	0.66
1:A:18:GLU:OE1	1:A:112:ASN:ND2	2.31	0.64
1:A:31:LYS:HE3	1:A:172:TYR:H	1.60	0.64

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:205:GLY:O	1:A:206:MET:HE2	1.98	0.63
1:A:288:ILE:HG21	1:A:378:TRP:CG	2.34	0.63
1:A:116:LYS:O	1:A:120:MET:HG2	1.99	0.62
2:B:13:GLN:CB	2:B:16:LYS:HZ3	2.11	0.62
1:A:112:ASN:OD1	1:A:116:LYS:NZ	2.27	0.61
2:B:13:GLN:HA	2:B:16:LYS:HZ2	1.64	0.61
1:A:254:VAL:HG21	1:A:450:VAL:HG11	1.83	0.60
1:A:293:GLN:O	1:A:297:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.60
1:A:182:ILE:HD13	1:A:449:ALA:HA	1.82	0.60
1:A:251:PHE:HE1	1:A:446:ILE:HG23	1.68	0.59
1:A:202:THR:HA	1:A:207:GLU:OE2	2.03	0.58
1:A:83:ILE:HD13	1:A:162:LEU:HD13	1.85	0.58
1:A:89:ILE:O	1:A:93:LEU:CD1	2.52	0.58
1:A:292:LEU:HD22	1:A:374:PHE:CG	2.40	0.57
2:B:56:LEU:O	2:B:60:PRO:HD3	2.06	0.56
1:A:276:ASN:OD1	1:A:277:THR:N	2.37	0.56
1:A:80:ILE:HG12	1:A:177:GLY:HA3	1.87	0.56
2:B:13:GLN:CB	2:B:16:LYS:NZ	2.69	0.56
2:B:15:VAL:O	2:B:18:SER:OG	2.16	0.55
2:B:49:PHE:O	2:B:53:PHE:HD2	1.89	0.55
1:A:158:GLY:O	1:A:162:LEU:HD23	2.06	0.55
1:A:18:GLU:H	3:C:27:UNK:HA	1.73	0.54
1:A:80:ILE:HD11	1:A:180:LEU:HB3	1.89	0.54
2:B:11:SER:O	2:B:15:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.53
1:A:250:VAL:HA	1:A:253:VAL:HG12	1.90	0.53
1:A:31:LYS:CE	1:A:172:TYR:H	2.22	0.53
2:B:53:PHE:O	2:B:57:ILE:HG12	2.08	0.53
1:A:41:ILE:HD11	1:A:164:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.52
1:A:120:MET:HE2	1:A:155:PHE:CE1	2.44	0.52
1:A:29:LYS:O	1:A:33:LEU:HG	2.10	0.52
1:A:218:LEU:HB2	1:A:229:LEU:HB2	1.90	0.52
1:A:108:ARG:O	1:A:112:ASN:HB2	2.10	0.52
1:A:156:VAL:O	1:A:160:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.52
1:A:182:ILE:HG13	2:B:47:MET:CE	2.40	0.52
1:A:167:LEU:HA	1:A:170:LYS:HE3	1.93	0.51
1:A:302:VAL:HG11	4:E:3:MLE:HG	1.92	0.51
1:A:182:ILE:HG23	2:B:47:MET:HE1	1.92	0.51
1:A:78:LEU:HD22	1:A:123:THR:HG23	1.91	0.50
1:A:18:GLU:O	3:C:28:UNK:N	2.45	0.50
1:A:219:LEU:HA	1:A:228:ALA:HA	1.93	0.50
1:A:292:LEU:HD22	1:A:374:PHE:CD1	2.47	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:453:ILE:HG21	2:B:40:THR:HA	1.94	0.50
1:A:292:LEU:HD22	1:A:374:PHE:CD2	2.47	0.49
1:A:120:MET:HB3	1:A:155:PHE:HE1	1.77	0.49
1:A:287:ASN:OD1	1:A:451:THR:OG1	2.18	0.49
2:B:7:PHE:HB3	2:B:9:GLU:OE1	2.13	0.48
4:E:2:3EG:N	4:E:6:LEU:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:251:PHE:O	1:A:255:ILE:HG12	2.14	0.48
2:B:49:PHE:O	2:B:53:PHE:CD2	2.67	0.48
1:A:31:LYS:O	1:A:35:THR:HG22	2.14	0.47
2:B:57:ILE:O	2:B:60:PRO:HD2	2.14	0.47
1:A:40:PHE:HA	1:A:43:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:65:ARG:HD2	1:A:71:ASN:H	1.80	0.47
1:A:186:ILE:CG2	2:B:47:MET:HE2	2.45	0.47
1:A:445:GLY:O	1:A:449:ALA:N	2.43	0.47
1:A:160:ILE:HD12	1:A:160:ILE:H	1.78	0.46
1:A:448:LEU:O	1:A:452:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.46
1:A:301:TYR:OH	1:A:345:SER:HA	2.15	0.46
1:A:65:ARG:HA	1:A:68:LEU:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:288:ILE:HG21	1:A:378:TRP:CD2	2.50	0.46
1:A:254:VAL:HG13	1:A:450:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.46
1:A:192:TRP:HH2	1:A:238:LEU:HA	1.81	0.46
1:A:293:GLN:HB3	1:A:374:PHE:HE2	1.80	0.46
1:A:186:ILE:HG21	2:B:47:MET:HE2	1.98	0.45
1:A:194:ALA:C	1:A:197:PRO:HD2	2.41	0.45
1:A:219:LEU:HD12	1:A:228:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.45
1:A:254:VAL:CG2	1:A:450:VAL:HG11	2.46	0.45
1:A:89:ILE:HG13	1:A:93:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.45
1:A:298:SER:O	1:A:302:VAL:HG12	2.16	0.45
1:A:186:ILE:HG13	2:B:48:GLY:HA2	1.99	0.45
1:A:375:SER:O	1:A:379:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
1:A:251:PHE:CE1	1:A:446:ILE:HG23	2.48	0.45
1:A:30:GLU:HA	1:A:33:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:290:ILE:HA	1:A:293:GLN:HG3	1.99	0.45
1:A:186:ILE:O	1:A:189:THR:OG1	2.27	0.44
1:A:31:LYS:HE2	1:A:170:LYS:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:189:THR:HA	1:A:440:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.44
1:A:378:TRP:CE2	1:A:382:SER:HB2	2.52	0.44
1:A:156:VAL:CG1	1:A:160:ILE:HD11	2.47	0.44
1:A:290:ILE:O	1:A:293:GLN:NE2	2.45	0.44
1:A:41:ILE:HG13	1:A:42:PHE:H	1.83	0.44
1:A:129:VAL:O	1:A:133:THR:HG23	2.17	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:81:SER:OG	1:A:82:PRO:HD3	2.17	0.43
1:A:400:MET:SD	1:A:408:MET:HG3	2.57	0.43
1:A:16:LEU:HD23	1:A:16:LEU:HA	1.89	0.43
1:A:82:PRO:HG2	1:A:162:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:A:258:GLN:HA	1:A:283:PHE:HE2	1.84	0.43
1:A:202:THR:HB	1:A:206:MET:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:196:SER:OG	1:A:197:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.42
1:A:31:LYS:HE3	1:A:172:TYR:N	2.32	0.42
1:A:78:LEU:HD21	1:A:126:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.42
1:A:77:ALA:HB3	1:A:154:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
1:A:259:GLY:HA3	2:B:28:PRO:HG3	2.02	0.42
1:A:127:SER:O	1:A:131:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:A:345:SER:O	1:A:359:HIS:NE2	2.53	0.41
2:B:59:ILE:HD13	2:B:59:ILE:HA	1.90	0.41
1:A:156:VAL:HG13	1:A:160:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:164:LEU:CD2	1:A:168:LEU:HD13	2.51	0.41
1:A:156:VAL:C	1:A:160:ILE:CD1	2.85	0.41
1:A:428:GLY:O	1:A:432:VAL:HG13	2.21	0.41
1:A:194:ALA:HB2	2:B:52:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.41
1:A:187:CYS:O	1:A:191:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
2:B:28:PRO:HA	2:B:32:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.41
1:A:82:PRO:HB2	1:A:162:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:89:ILE:HG13	1:A:93:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.40
1:A:125:GLY:O	1:A:129:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40
1:A:283:PHE:C	1:A:285:THR:H	2.29	0.40
1:A:364:ILE:O	1:A:368:LEU:HG	2.21	0.40
1:A:186:ILE:HB	2:B:47:MET:HE2	2.03	0.40
1:A:458:GLU:O	1:A:461:VAL:HB	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	376/475 (79%)	358 (95%)	18 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	55/68 (81%)	55 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	431/543 (79%)	413 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	328/396 (83%)	328 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	50/59 (85%)	49 (98%)	1 (2%)	48	72
4	E	1/1 (100%)	0	1 (100%)	0	0
All	All	379/456 (83%)	377 (100%)	2 (0%)	78	85

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	13	GLN
4	E	6	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	185	ASN
1	A	305	GLN
1	A	464	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

5 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	MLE	E	3	4	7,8,9	3.42	6 (85%)	7,9,11	1.18	1 (14%)
4	3EG	E	2	4	7,8,9	3.46	5 (71%)	7,11,13	1.67	1 (14%)
4	JMX	E	5	4	24,25,26	7.88	17 (70%)	33,34,36	5.26	14 (42%)
4	3EG	E	4	4	7,8,9	3.38	6 (85%)	7,11,13	1.62	1 (14%)
4	JMO	E	1	4	12,13,14	4.00	8 (66%)	12,15,17	2.12	3 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MLE	E	3	4	-	2/5/8/10	-
4	3EG	E	2	4	-	3/4/7/9	-
4	JMX	E	5	4	-	0/9/12/14	0/3/3/3
4	3EG	E	4	4	-	1/4/7/9	-
4	JMO	E	1	4	-	8/15/16/18	-

All (42) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	5	JMX	CD2-CE2	19.11	1.66	1.41
4	E	5	JMX	CE2-NE1	16.05	1.66	1.39
4	E	5	JMX	C5-C4	13.92	1.61	1.38
4	E	5	JMX	C7-C6	11.85	1.61	1.38
4	E	5	JMX	C8-C3	11.35	1.61	1.38
4	E	5	JMX	CH2-CZ2	8.36	1.53	1.38
4	E	1	JMO	C13-C12	8.02	1.61	1.52
4	E	5	JMX	CB-CG	7.84	1.65	1.50

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	5	JMX	CZ2-CE2	7.76	1.51	1.39
4	E	5	JMX	BR1-C6	7.17	2.04	1.90
4	E	1	JMO	O4-C10	6.95	1.50	1.34
4	E	5	JMX	C2-C3	6.32	1.62	1.51
4	E	3	MLE	CB-CA	6.05	1.61	1.53
4	E	5	JMX	C2-NE1	5.50	1.55	1.47
4	E	2	3EG	CB-CA	5.42	1.60	1.54
4	E	4	3EG	CB-CG	5.16	1.63	1.49
4	E	2	3EG	CB-CG	5.06	1.62	1.49
4	E	1	JMO	C13-C14	4.96	1.62	1.53
4	E	5	JMX	CD1-CG	-4.87	1.25	1.36
4	E	4	3EG	CB-CA	4.64	1.60	1.54
4	E	5	JMX	CH2-CZ3	4.37	1.47	1.38
4	E	5	JMX	CA-N	3.84	1.54	1.47
4	E	1	JMO	C14-C15	3.64	1.61	1.46
4	E	3	MLE	CA-N	3.56	1.53	1.47
4	E	1	JMO	C7-N	3.36	1.55	1.46
4	E	3	MLE	CN-N	3.35	1.55	1.46
4	E	5	JMX	C1-N	3.34	1.55	1.46
4	E	5	JMX	CB-CA	3.17	1.60	1.53
4	E	1	JMO	C9-CA	3.15	1.60	1.52
4	E	3	MLE	CB-CG	3.12	1.65	1.52
4	E	4	3EG	FAE-CG	2.90	1.44	1.33
4	E	2	3EG	FAE-CG	2.88	1.44	1.33
4	E	4	3EG	FAC-CG	2.87	1.44	1.33
4	E	2	3EG	FAC-CG	2.87	1.44	1.33
4	E	1	JMO	CA-N	2.80	1.54	1.47
4	E	4	3EG	FAD-CG	2.78	1.43	1.33
4	E	2	3EG	FAD-CG	2.77	1.43	1.33
4	E	5	JMX	CD1-NE1	2.46	1.40	1.36
4	E	1	JMO	CA-C10	2.41	1.60	1.51
4	E	4	3EG	CA-N	2.39	1.54	1.48
4	E	3	MLE	CD1-CG	2.30	1.63	1.51
4	E	3	MLE	CD2-CG	2.13	1.62	1.51

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	5	JMX	CD2-CE2-NE1	-21.87	97.22	107.92
4	E	5	JMX	CD2-CG-CD1	14.11	119.15	106.34
4	E	5	JMX	CZ2-CE2-NE1	6.54	140.66	131.50
4	E	5	JMX	CE3-CD2-CG	6.34	143.30	133.85

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	1	JMO	O4-C10-CA	5.38	119.83	110.83
4	E	5	JMX	CE3-CD2-CE2	-4.97	113.51	119.24
4	E	5	JMX	CE2-CD2-CG	-4.57	103.19	107.39
4	E	5	JMX	CH2-CZ3-CE3	4.45	125.73	120.24
4	E	5	JMX	CB-CG-CD1	-4.32	120.66	126.67
4	E	5	JMX	CB-CG-CD2	-3.38	120.19	126.70
4	E	2	3EG	CG-CB-CA	-3.32	108.23	114.85
4	E	4	3EG	CG-CB-CA	-3.25	108.36	114.85
4	E	5	JMX	C3-C2-NE1	-3.07	108.12	112.78
4	E	5	JMX	CA-CB-CG	-2.80	108.12	113.49
4	E	1	JMO	C12-O4-C10	-2.69	112.83	116.99
4	E	5	JMX	CZ3-CE3-CD2	2.57	124.44	119.80
4	E	5	JMX	CB-CA-C	-2.57	106.70	111.81
4	E	1	JMO	O4-C10-O2	-2.19	119.99	123.95
4	E	3	MLE	CN-N-CA	2.15	120.14	113.70
4	E	5	JMX	C1-N-CA	2.09	119.95	113.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	1	JMO	O4-C12-C13-C14
4	E	1	JMO	C-C12-C13-C14
4	E	1	JMO	C12-C13-C14-C15
4	E	2	3EG	CA-CB-CG-FAD
4	E	2	3EG	CA-CB-CG-FAE
4	E	3	MLE	O-C-CA-CB
4	E	4	3EG	O-C-CA-CB
4	E	2	3EG	CA-CB-CG-FAC
4	E	1	JMO	C9-CA-N-C7
4	E	1	JMO	O4-C10-CA-C9
4	E	1	JMO	O2-C10-CA-C9
4	E	1	JMO	C13-C14-C15-N3
4	E	1	JMO	C10-CA-N-C7
4	E	3	MLE	CA-CB-CG-CD1

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	E	3	MLE	2	0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	E	2	3EG	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

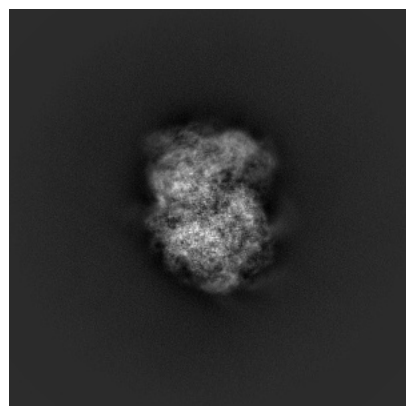
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14776. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

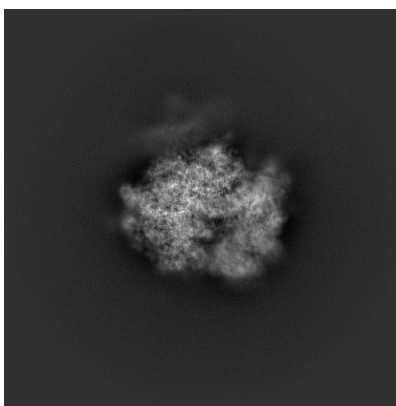
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

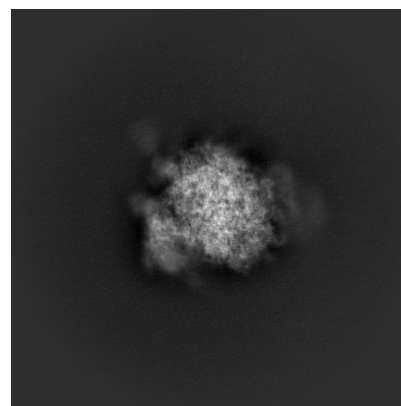
6.1.1 Primary map



X

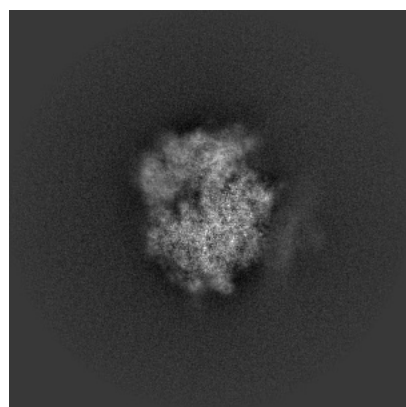


Y

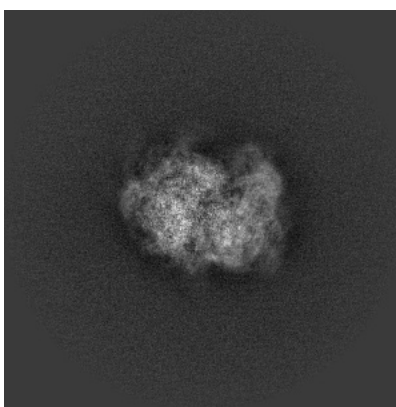


Z

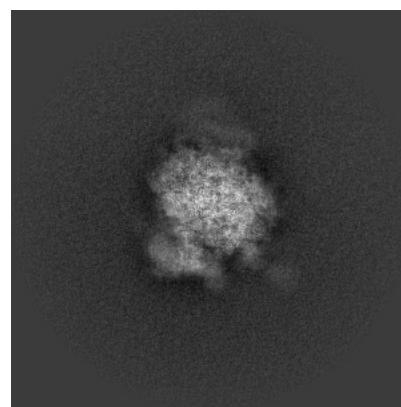
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

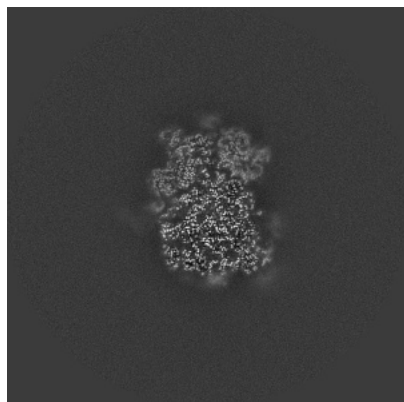


Z

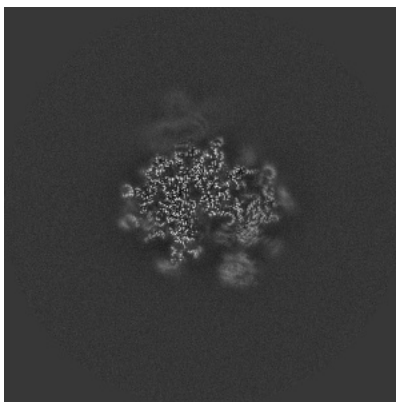
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

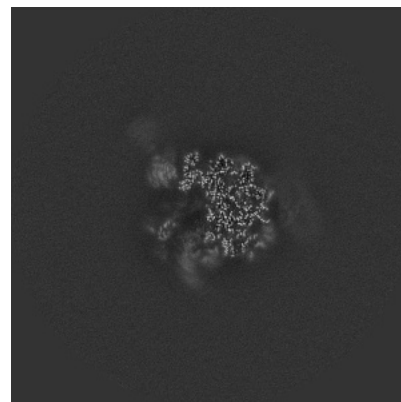
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 400

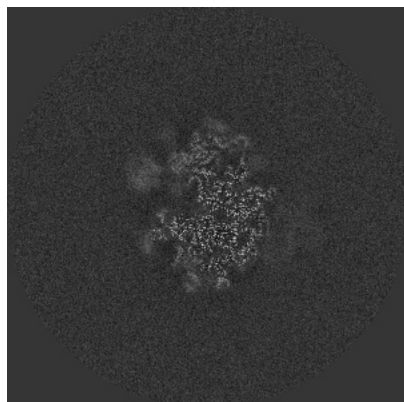


Y Index: 400

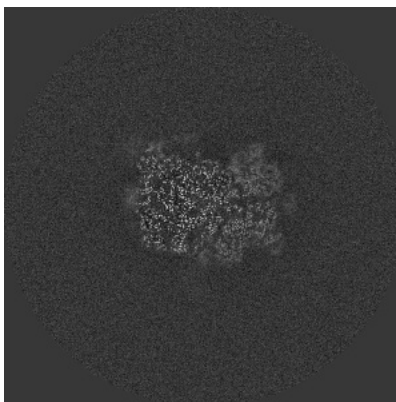


Z Index: 400

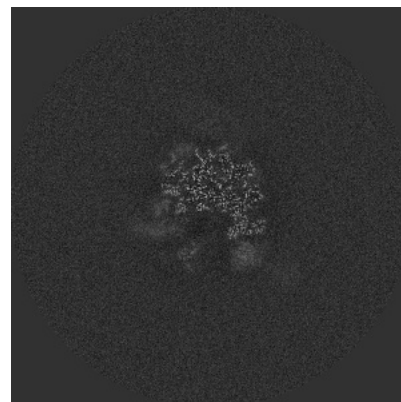
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 400



Y Index: 400

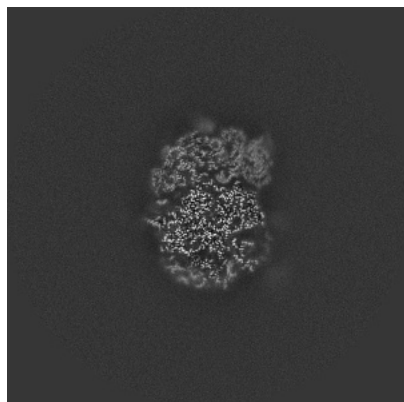


Z Index: 400

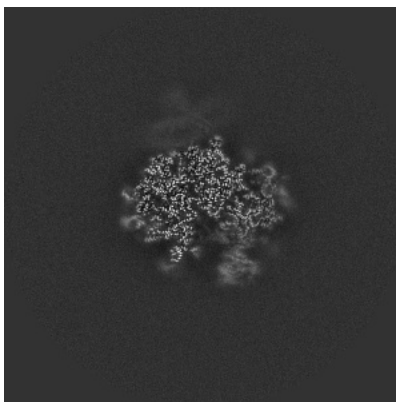
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

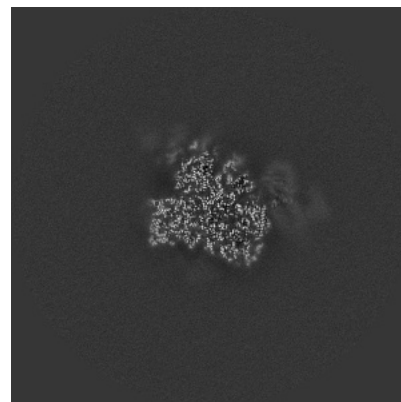
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 417

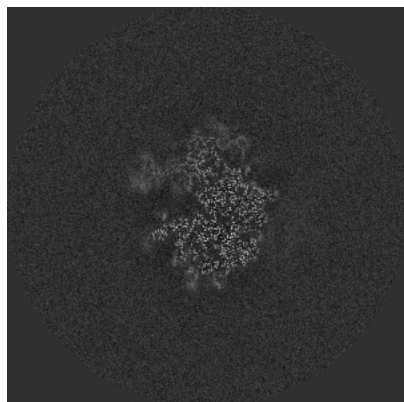


Y Index: 393

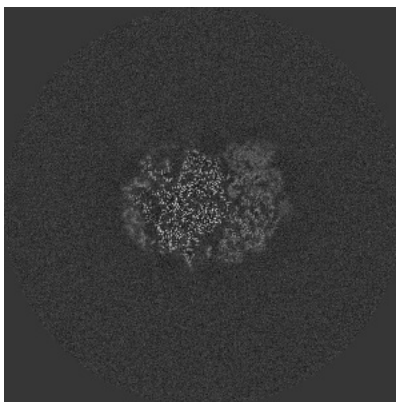


Z Index: 352

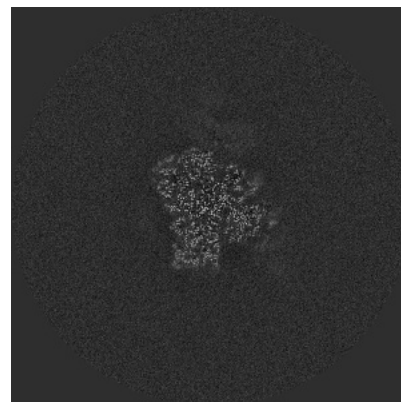
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 393



Y Index: 417

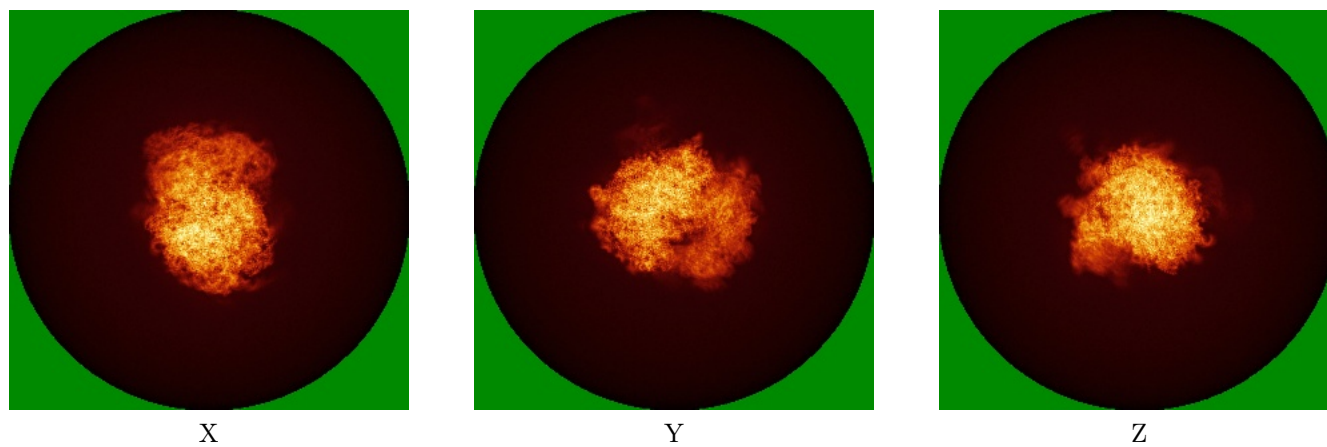


Z Index: 353

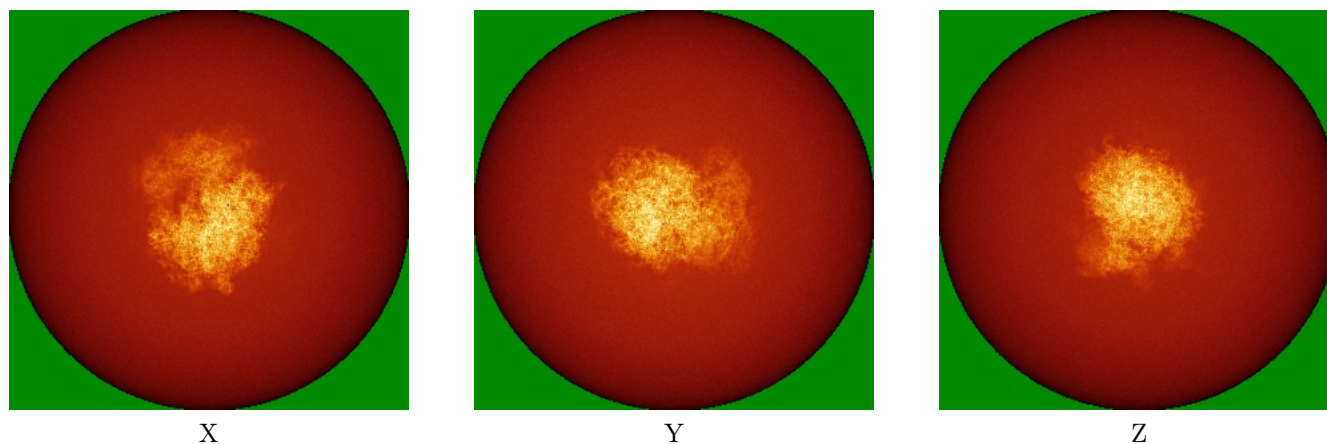
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

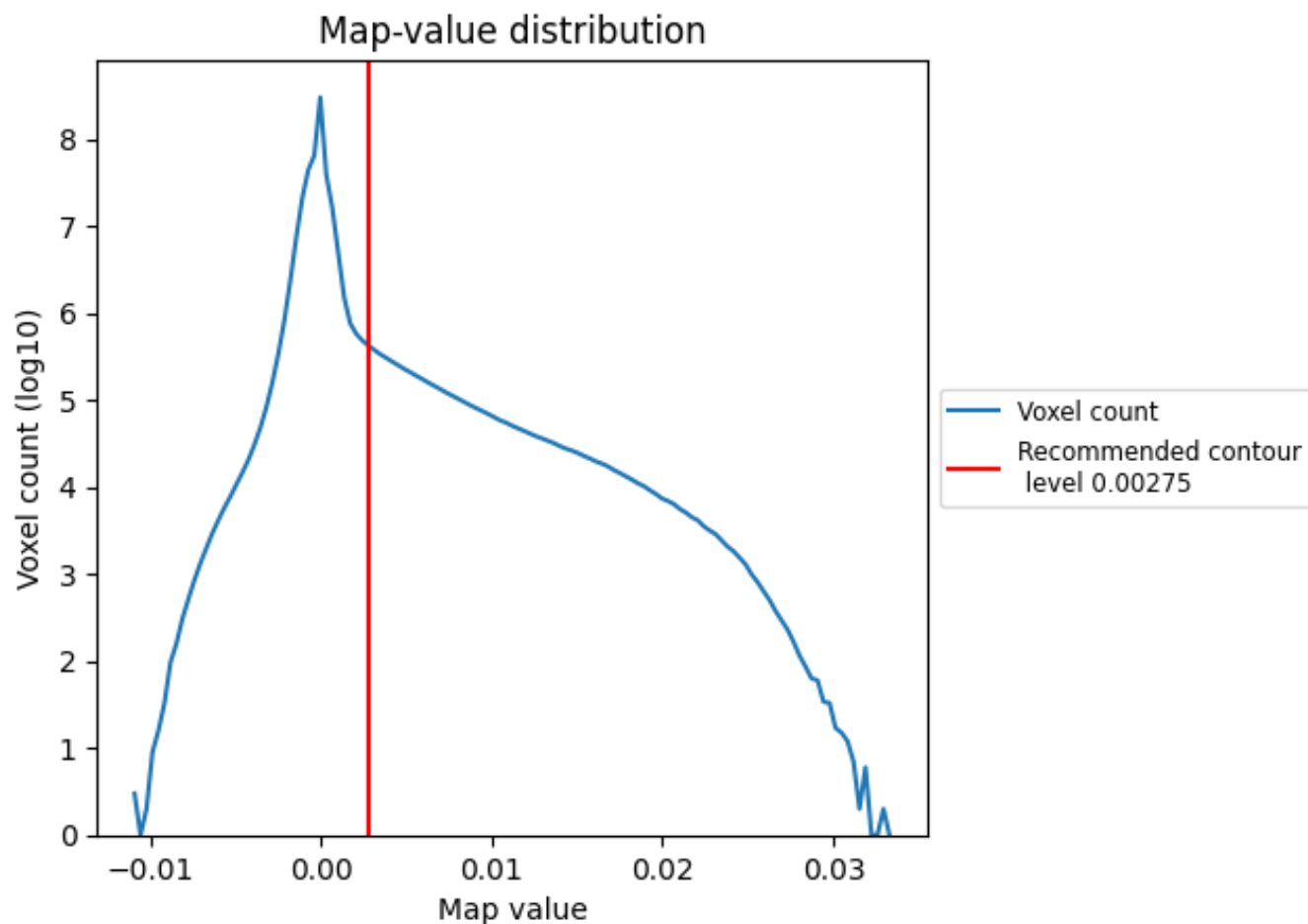
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

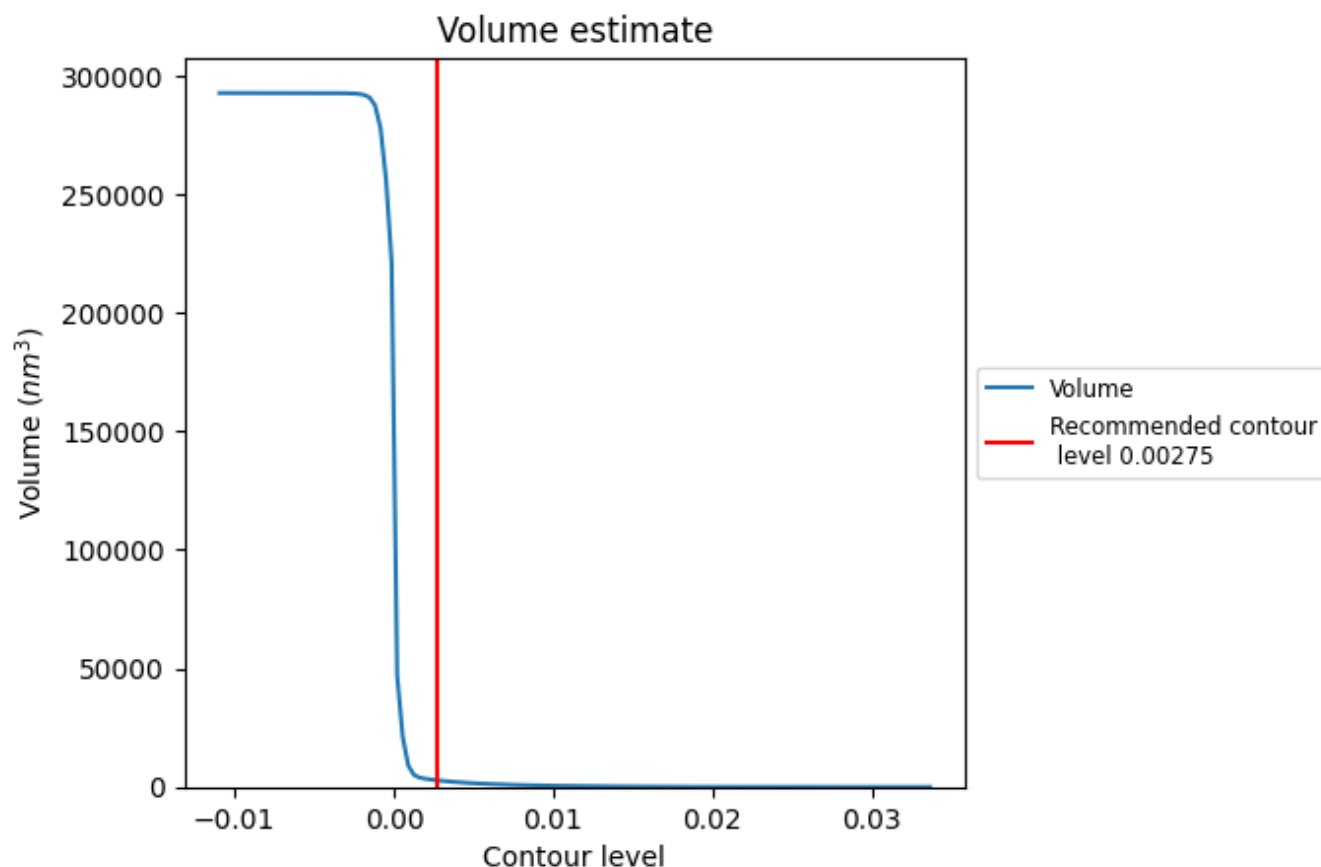
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

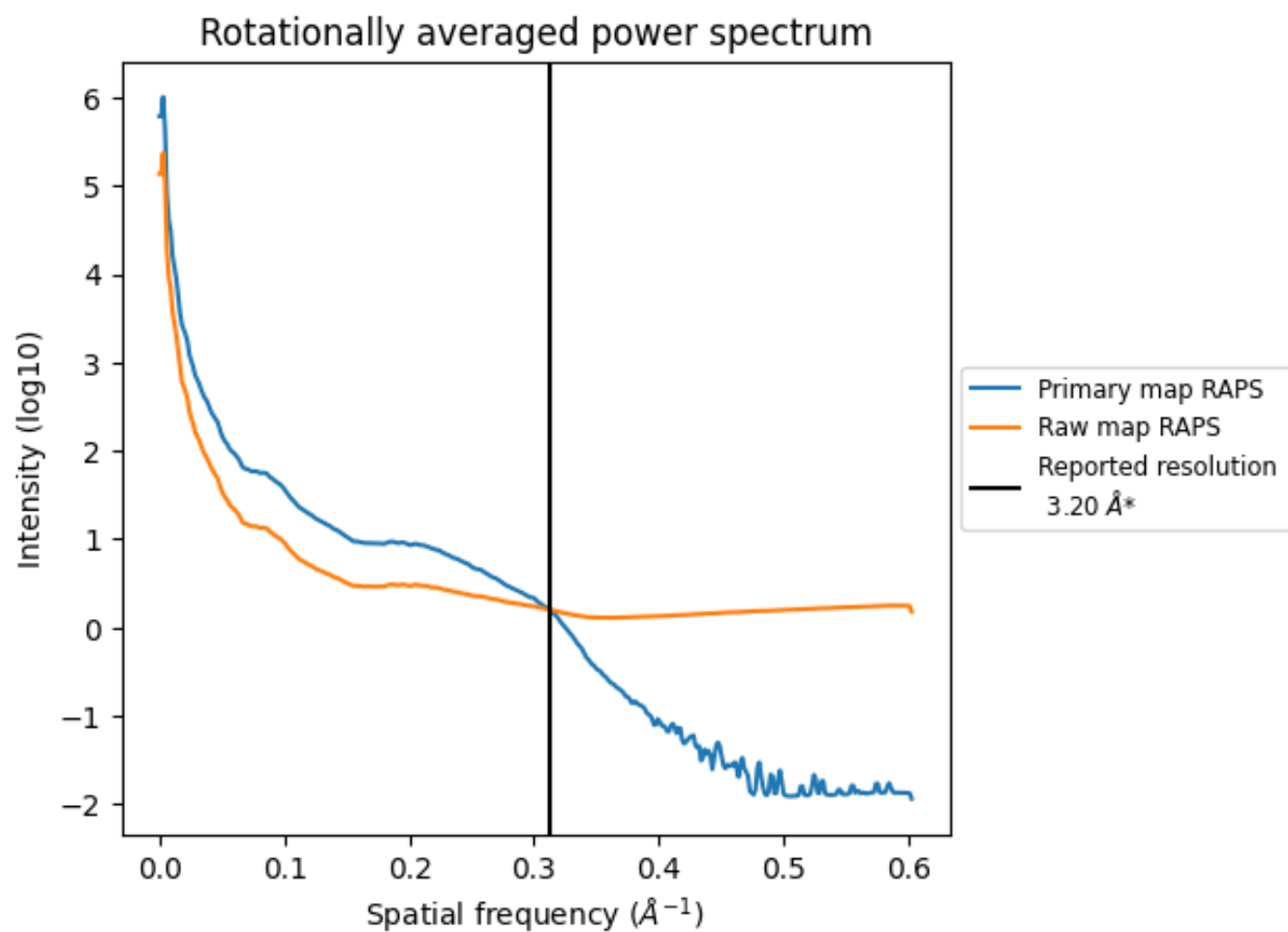
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 2761 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 2494 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

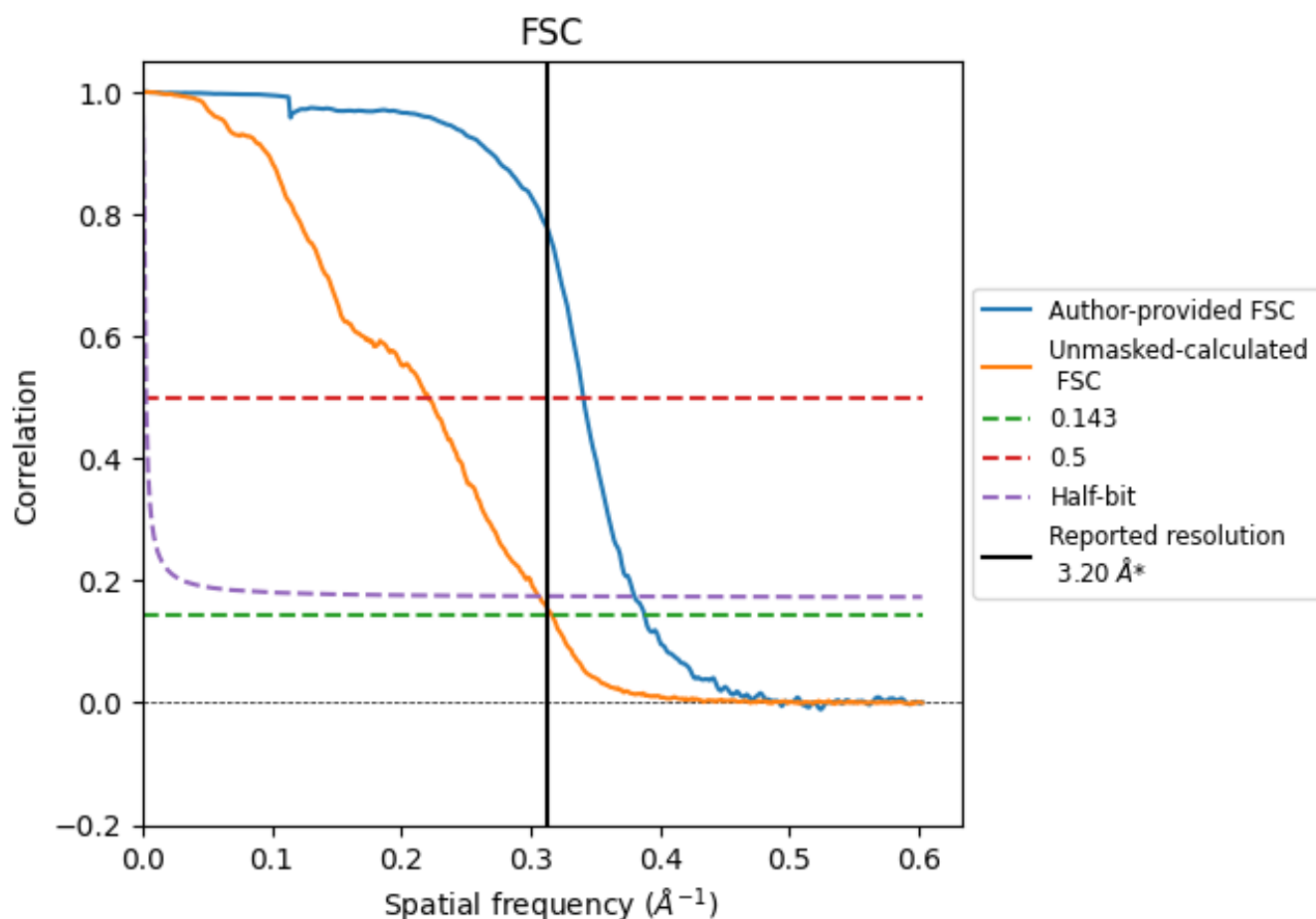


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.58	2.94	2.63
Unmasked-calculated*	3.16	4.53	3.27

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from author-provided FSC intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 2.58 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %

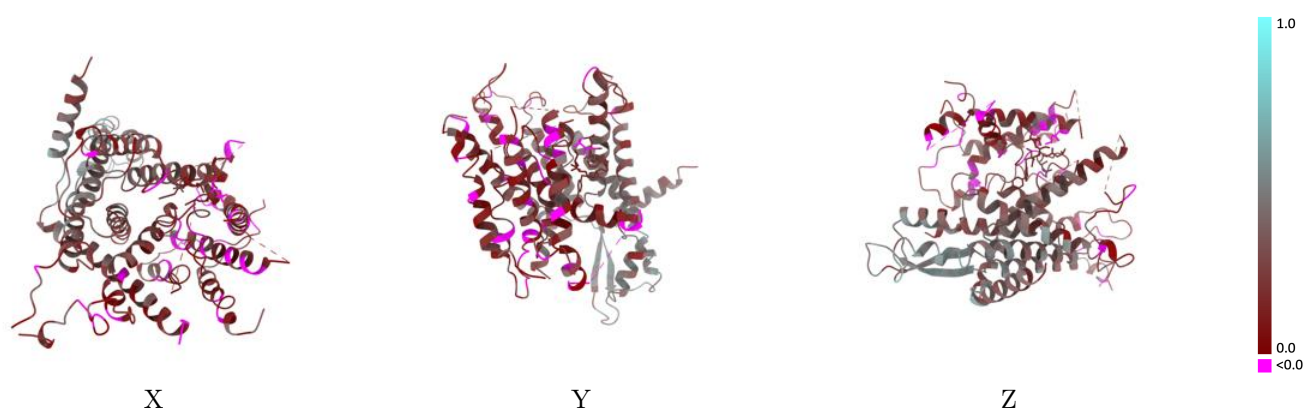
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14776 and PDB model 7ZL3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

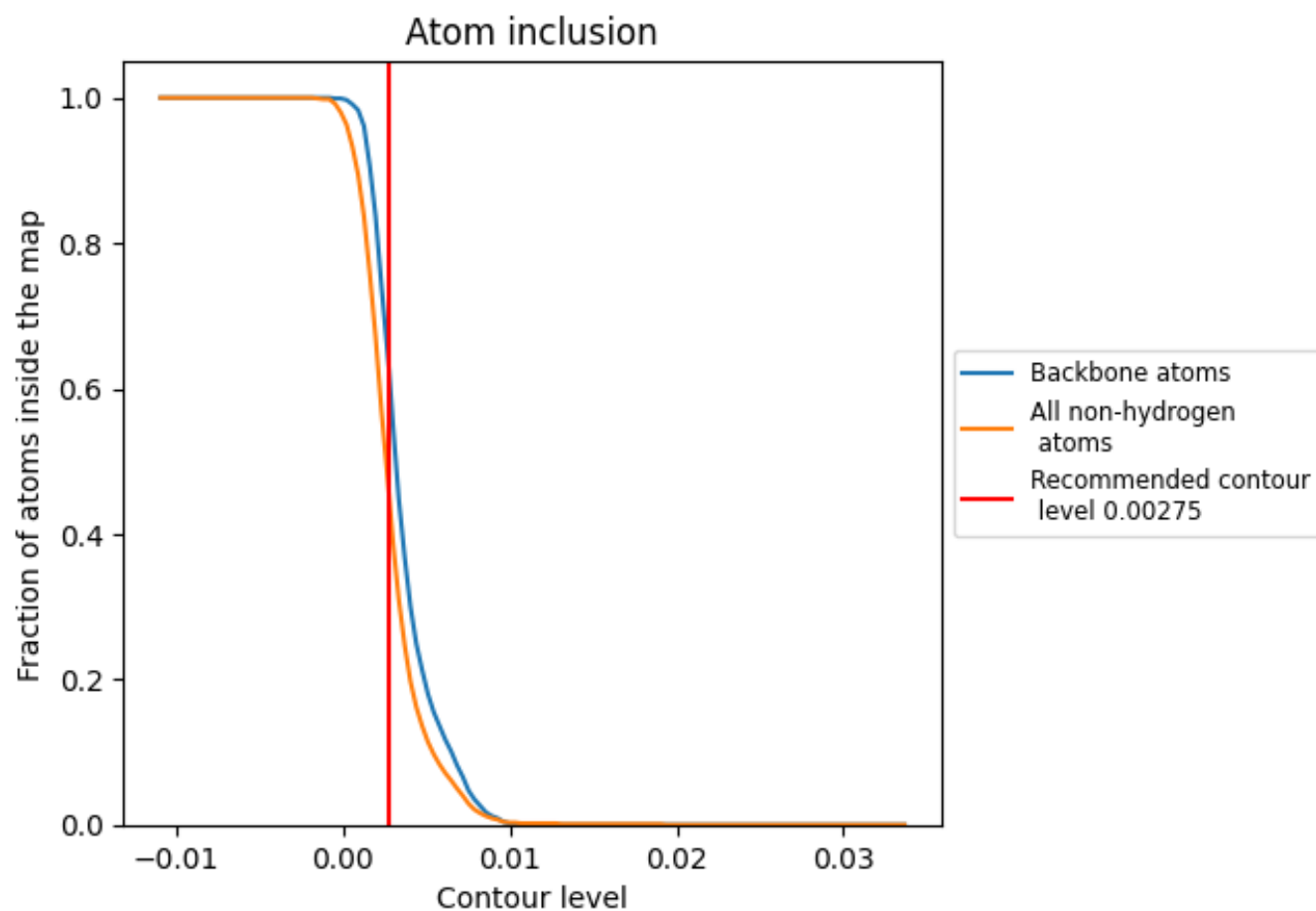


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 63% of all backbone atoms, 45% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.00275) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.4540	0.2430
A	0.4640	0.2420
B	0.5110	0.2900
C	0.1810	0.1470
E	0.2250	0.1510

